



Executive Summary — NFPA 70B Electrical Thermography

Client / Site

Project / Asset

Inspection Date & Window

Standards

NFPA 70B-2023

UAS & Payload

Autel EVO II Dual 640T RTK V3 — 640×512 radiometric; thermal FOV 33°×26° (13 mm); 50 MP stills / 4K video; RTK ±1 cm + 1 ppm (H), ±1.5 cm + 1 ppm (V).

Radiometric Settings

Mode: ON (R-JPEG + IRG); Emissivity: _____;

Trefl: _____ °C; Gain: [High/Low];

Palette: _____.

Key Environmental Gates

Wind ≤ spec; standoff 2–20 m for quantitative temps; record ambient, humidity, ΔT/irradiance/load (per service).

Team & Contacts

Lead: _____ Thermographer Level: [I/II/III]

Part 107 Cert#: _____

Key Findings (top 3)

-
-
-

Options & Recommendation

A) _____ B) _____ C) _____ Recommended: _____

Risks & Mitigations

-
-

Approval / Next Steps

Approve _____ by _____ ; follow-up scan date _____ ; point of contact _____.



QC Worksheet — NFPA 70B Electrical Thermography

Radiometric Mode	R-JPEG + IRG saved	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Emissivity (ϵ)	Material-specific	Value: _____
Reflected App. Temp (Trefl)	Per environment	_____ °C
Measurement Distance	2–20 m required for quantitative temps	Min: _____ m Max: _____ m % within band: _____ %
Altitude Above Roof/Target (ARL)	Service-specific (see below)	Level 1: _____ ft L2: _____ ft L3: _____ ft
RTK FIX Quality	Target \geq 95% images FIX; PPK fallback if needed	FIX %: _____ % PPK: <input type="checkbox"/> Used
Overlap Achieved	Thermal \geq 80/80 (or per service)	Front: _____ % Side: _____ %
Focus/Blur Check	Random sample \geq 20 images	<input type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Re-fly segments
Coverage Audit	100% or exceptions noted	Coverage: _____ % Exceptions: _____
Processing Integrity	No-blending for quantitative mosaics	<input type="checkbox"/> No-blend <input type="checkbox"/> Avg-blend (viz only)
Deliverables	Exec summary, orthos, CSV/KML, imagery, logs	<input type="checkbox"/> All included
Sign-off	QC by	Name: _____ Date: _____

NFPA 70B-Specific Gates

Load Level	\geq 40% nominal during scan	Measured: _____ %
Approach Distances	Per facility qualified person; arc-flash boundary	<input type="checkbox"/> Established
Method	Manual-only near energized equipment	<input type="checkbox"/> Confirmed
Wind	< 15 mph	Measured: _____ mph
IR Windows	Use where available	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Severity Basis	Δ T + load + criticality + environment	<input type="checkbox"/> Documented



NFPA 70B (2023) Enhanced Edition

Electrical Equipment Thermography Inspection Sheet

- This enhanced edition integrates standards from:*
- NFPA 70B-2023 Electrical Equipment Maintenance
 - FAA Part 107 & BVLOS Requirements
 - IEC 62446-3 (if PV Integration)

KEY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

Annual requirement per NFPA 70B (6-month for Condition 3 equipment)
Scan under normal/peak load; target $\geq 40\%$ of nominal rating
Document ΔT vs reference and ambient
Battery life check $\geq 80\%$ before flight
Manual-only flight near energized equipment; autonomous/close-proximity modes prohibited
Wind < 15 mph for electrical equipment safety

1. Pre-Flight Planning & Safety Assessment

1.1 Pre-Flight Checklist

Battery Status:

$\geq 80\%$ charge confirmed Current: _____ % Backup batteries: _____

Signal Interference Assessment:

Low risk Medium risk High risk - mitigation: _____

Weather Contingency Plan:

Documented Details: _____

Emergency Landing Zones Identified:

Yes Number of zones: _____ GPS logged: Yes

FAA Part 107 Compliance:

Airspace checked NOTAMs reviewed LAANC approval if needed

1.2 Electrical Hazard Assessment

Minimum Safe Distance Calculation:

Voltage class: $< 1\text{kV}$ $1\text{-}35\text{kV}$ $> 35\text{kV}$

Safe distance: _____ ft Reference: OSHA 1910.269

EMF/RFI Assessment:

Completed Interference level: Low Medium High

Arc Flash Boundary Established:

Yes Distance: _____ ft PPE if within boundary: _____



1.3 Autonomous Flight Setup

Autonomous Mode Configuration:

Enabled for close proximity work Manual only Hybrid

Obstacle Avoidance Settings:

Maximum sensitivity Standard Custom: _____

3D Mapping Mode:

Enabled for structures 2D only Both

Data Capture Rate Target:

High-efficiency workflow (site-dependent) Standard Rate: _____ assets/hr

2. Facility & Inspection Information

Facility Name:

Facility Type:

Substation Generation Distribution Transmission
 Industrial Commercial Solar/Wind farm Other: _____

Facility Address: _____

GPS Coordinates:

Lat: _____ Long: _____

Facility Contact:

Name: _____ Phone: _____

Email: _____

Inspection Dates:

Current: _____ Previous: _____

Start time: _____ End time: _____ Duration: _____ hrs

Inspection Interval Compliance:

Required: 12 months 6 months Last inspection: _____ months ago
 Compliant Overdue by _____ months



3. Thermographer Qualifications & Equipment

3.1 Personnel Qualifications

Lead Thermographer:

Name: _____

Company: Aerial Accuracy LLC

Thermography Certification:

Level: I II III Cert #: _____

Certifying body: _____ Exp date: _____

Electrical Qualifications:

NFPA 70E trained Qualified electrical worker

Limited approach boundary authorized

Drone Pilot Certification:

Part 107 Certificate #: _____ Exp: _____

Night operations (Part 107.29 training recorded; anti-collision lighting 3 SM)

3.2 Equipment Specifications

Thermal Camera	Autel EVO II Dual 640T RTK V3
Resolution	640 x 512 pixels
Thermal Sensitivity	≤ 50 mK
Spectral Range	8-14 μm
Calibration Date	_____



4. Inspection Scope & Conditions

4.1 Inspection Scope

Inspection Type:

- Annual mandatory Semi-annual (Condition 3) Post-maintenance
 Troubleshooting Baseline Pre-outage Post-event

Infrastructure Components (check all inspected):

TRANSMISSION	DISTRIBUTION	SUBSTATION
<input type="checkbox"/> Towers/poles	<input type="checkbox"/> Poles	<input type="checkbox"/> Switchgear
<input type="checkbox"/> Conductors	<input type="checkbox"/> Crossarms	<input type="checkbox"/> Breakers
<input type="checkbox"/> Insulators	<input type="checkbox"/> Transformers	<input type="checkbox"/> Bus bars
<input type="checkbox"/> Shield wires	<input type="checkbox"/> Capacitor banks	<input type="checkbox"/> CT/PT units
<input type="checkbox"/> Dampers	<input type="checkbox"/> Reclosers	<input type="checkbox"/> Batteries

4.2 Environmental & Load Conditions

Parameter	Requirement	Measured	Status
Ambient Temperature	Record	_____ °F/°C	Recorded
Relative Humidity	Record	_____ %	Recorded
Wind Speed	< 15 mph	_____ mph	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N
System Load	≥ 40% nominal	_____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N
Load Verification	Via meter/SCADA	Method: _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Verified

Facility Load Level:

- Peak Normal Light Minimal

Access Method:

- Aerial/drone (primary) IR windows Covers removed (PPE required)
 Ground-based Elevated platform

5. Equipment Condition Classification (NFPA 70B Section 9.3)

Condition	Criteria	Frequency	Selected
1	New/like new; all maintenance performed	12 months	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	Minor issues; routine maintenance adequate	12 months	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	Degraded; urgent actions; missed maintenance	6 months	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	Unacceptable risk; immediate attention	Immediate	<input type="checkbox"/>



6. Enhanced Drone Operations Procedure

6.1 Multi-Angle Capture Protocol

Capture angles for each component:

- Front view Side view Top view 45° oblique
 Close-up of connections Wide establishing shot

Overlap settings:

Front: _____ % Side: _____ %

Flight pattern:

- Linear (for lines) Grid (for substations) Orbital (for structures)

6.2 Transmission Line Specific

Tower/pole inspection checklist:

- Foundation/grounding Structural members Bolts/connections
 Guy wires Climbing facilities Signs/markers

Conductor inspection:

- Splices Dampers Spacers Sag measurement: _____ ft

Insulator inspection:

- Contamination Cracks/chips Corona discharge (UV corona camera required – not included)
 Bird guards Flashover marks

Vegetation encroachment check:

Minimum clearance: _____ ft Actual: _____ ft Compliant Violation

6.3 Data Quality Verification

High-quality data capture confirmed:

- Resolution ≥ requirements Focus verified Exposure correct

3D model creation (if applicable):

- Point cloud generated Mesh created Textured model

AI anomaly detection:

- Enabled Tool: _____ Manual review only

7. Severity Classification & Recommended Actions

Priority	ΔT Range	Description	Action
1 - Critical	> 40°C (> 72°F)	Major deficiency; immediate danger	Immediate repair/shutdown
2 - Serious	20-40°C (36-72°F)	Significant deficiency	Repair ASAP (<1 week)
3 - Intermediate	10-20°C (18-36°F)	Developing issue	Schedule (<1 month)
4 - Minor	< 10°C (< 18°F)	Minor anomaly or early stage	Monitor/next maintenance



8. Detailed Thermography Findings (duplicate as needed)

FINDING ID: E-001

Equipment ID/Location: _____

Equipment Type:

Transformer Breaker Switch Bus Cable
 Connector Insulator Capacitor Other: _____

GPS Coordinates (RTK:[]):

Lat: _____ Long: _____

Voltage/Current Rating:

Voltage: _____ kV Current: _____ A Temperature: _____

Load at Inspection:

Phase A: _____ A Phase B: _____ A Phase C: _____ A

Load percentage: _____ % Imbalance: _____ %

T1 Hot	T2 Ref	Ta Amb	$\Delta T (T1-T2)$	$\Delta T (T1-Ta)$
____ °C/F	____ °C/F	____ °C/F	____ °C/F	____ °C/F

Images: Thermal: # _____ **Visual: #** _____ **Multi-angle: #** _____

Probable Cause:

Loose connection High resistance Corrosion Overload
 Imbalance Defective component Contamination

Other: _____

Description:

Priority:

1-Critical 2-Serious 3-Intermediate 4-Minor

Recommended Action:

Work Order #:

_____ Date issued: _____



9. Power Line Specific Findings

9.1 Defect Summary by Component

Component	Total	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3-4
Towers/Poles	_____	_____	_____	_____
Conductors	_____	_____	_____	_____
Insulators	_____	_____	_____	_____
Hardware/Connectors	_____	_____	_____	_____
Vegetation	_____	_____	_____	_____

9.2 Phase Imbalance Analysis

Phase temperature comparison:

Phase A avg: _____ °C Phase B avg: _____ °C Phase C avg: _____ °C

Max phase difference: _____ °C Location: _____

Phase current comparison:

Phase A: _____ A Phase B: _____ A Phase C: _____ A

Imbalance percentage: _____ % Acceptable Requires correction



10. Solar/Wind Farm Integration (Crossover Inspection)

Complete if facility includes renewable generation

10.1 PV System Interface

PV array present:

Yes No Capacity: _____ MW

Inverter station inspection:

DC combiner boxes String inverters Central inverter

Transformer Switchgear Findings: _____

IEC 62446-3 compliance check:

Module inspection per IEC BOS per IEC N/A

10.2 Wind Turbine Interface

Wind turbines present:

Yes No Quantity: _____ Total capacity: _____ MW

Substation equipment inspected:

Collection system Step-up transformer SCADA equipment
 Capacitor banks Reactive power equipment

Blade inspection performed:

Yes (see separate report) No N/A



11. Post-Inspection Data Processing & Reporting

11.1 Data Processing

AI-assisted anomaly detection:

Used Tool: _____ Anomalies found: _____

Manual review only Time spent: _____ hrs

Data formats generated:

Thermal orthomosaic RGB orthomosaic 3D model
 Point cloud GIS layers Database export

Resilience decision support:

Maintenance prioritization matrix created
 Cost-benefit analysis completed
 Risk assessment provided

11.2 Deliverables

Report components provided:

Executive summary
 Detailed findings with images
 Prioritized action list
 Thermal/visual image pairs
 Georeferenced anomaly map
 Trending analysis (if baseline exists)
 Compliance documentation

Digital delivery:

PDF report Cloud portal URL: _____

GIS integration Format: _____



12. Inspection Summary & Compliance

Category	Total	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3-4
Components Inspected	_____			
Anomalies Found	_____	_____	_____	_____
Work Orders Issued	_____	_____	_____	_____

Condition 3 equipment identified:

Yes - requires 6-month inspection No

Equipment IDs: _____

Next inspection date: _____

Frequency: 12 months 6 months

Additional recommendations:

13. Certification & Compliance

I certify this inspection complies with NFPA 70B-2023 (Sections 7.4 and 9.3) and accurately represents all observed conditions.

Thermographer Signature:

Printed Name:

Date:

Facility Manager Acknowledgment:

Signature: _____ Date: _____

QA Review (Level II/III):

Name: _____ Date: _____



Accuracy, Safety & Liability Notes

- Radiometric temperature accuracy is ± 3 °C or $\pm 3\%$ of reading (whichever is greater) when the camera is used within the manufacturer's specified environment (-20 °C to $+60$ °C). Measurements outside this environment have unspecified accuracy.
- The thermal camera's accurate measurement distance is 2–20 m (≈ 6.5 –65 ft). Temperature readings taken beyond 20 m should be treated as qualitative unless otherwise validated.
- Thermal sensitivity (NETD) is specified at 30 °C; apparent ΔT detection will vary with target temperature, wind, and atmosphere. Small temperature differences on very hot or very cold scenes may be harder to resolve.
- Wind limits in these templates are set to protect radiometric integrity (convective cooling, plume effects), not to reflect the drone's maximum wind resistance rating.
- RTK-enabled positioning: Horizontal ± 1 cm + 1 ppm (RMS); Vertical ± 1.5 cm + 1 ppm (RMS) when FIX is maintained. If RTK is lost, positions revert to standard GNSS ($\approx \pm 1$ –1.5 m). Report RTK FIX percentage with deliverables.
- Operating range of the aircraft is -10 °C to $+40$ °C (14–104 °F). Operations may be postponed if ambient or surface conditions exceed equipment limits.
- All findings represent conditions at the time of inspection only. Thermal anomalies indicate areas for further investigation; they are not a guarantee of defect, remaining life, or performance. Verification by qualified professionals (e.g., roof cores per ASTM, IV-curve/electrical testing per IEC/NFPA) is recommended before remediation.
- Close-proximity operations around energized equipment are manual-control only. Obstacle sensors may not detect thin wires; do not rely on autonomy near conductors.
- Minimum approach distances and arc-flash boundaries are established by the site's qualified electrical professional (e.g., OSHA 1910.269/NFPA 70E). Aerial Accuracy provides aerial thermal/visual data; it does not perform energized electrical work or override facility safety rules.
- Severity ratings consider ΔT , load, criticality, and environment; they are advisory until confirmed by a qualified electrician/engineer.